

Name:

Date:

Period:

PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SOURCES

What are primary sources?

- A primary source is _____

- These sources were present during an experience or time period and offer an inside view of a particular event.
- Keep in mind that a primary source reflects only _____ and may contain a person's bias (prejudice) toward an event.

Examples:

_____ - (excerpts or translations acceptable): diaries, speeches, manuscripts, letters, interviews, news film footage, autobiographies, official records.

_____ - poetry, drama, novels, music, art

_____ or _____ - pottery, furniture, clothing, buildings

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| • Books | • Chronicles |
| • Magazines | • Memoirs |
| • Newspapers | • Myths |
| • Diaries | • Legends passed down by word of mouth |
| • Journals | • Songs |
| • Records | • Poems |
| • Paintings | • Tools |
| • Drawings | • Ornaments |
| • Sculpture | • Object |
| • Photographs | • Artifacts |
| • Film | |
| • maps | |

What are secondary sources?

- A secondary source _____ and _____ primary sources.
 - These sources are one or more steps removed from the event.
 - Secondary sources may have _____, _____ or graphics of primary sources in them.

Examples:

- _____ such as:
 - Textbooks
 - _____ articles

