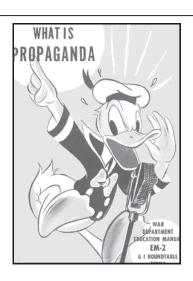
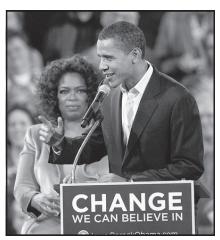
# **Propaganda**

Did you know the average teen is exposed to over 3,000 advertisements per day? Without the skills to look critically at all these messages, it's easy to be persuaded by them without even realizing it. **Propaganda** is media that uses carefully-crafted messages to manipulate people's actions and beliefs. It has one purpose, and one purpose only: to persuade you. There are a variety of propaganda techniques. They use **biased**, or one-sided, messages and are designed to appeal to peoples' emotions instead of their judgment and reasoning. How many of the following techniques do you recognize from your own exposure to propaganda?





Oprah Winfrey and Barack Obama in 2008.

### **Testimonials**

**Testimonials** usually involve celebrities or other respected people **endorsing**, or officially supporting, a product or idea. The person giving the testimonial could be famous, knowledgeable about the product (such as a doctor talking about medicine), or just an ordinary person who claims the product has worked for them. When the testimonial comes from a celebrity, the hope is that you will want to use the product or support the idea simply because they do. Other testimonials try to persuade you to use or support something because it is good for you or it worked for others. Beware, though, because people are usually paid to give endorsements (except in politics).

Ask yourself: Who is quoted in the testimonial? Is this person actually an expert about this product or idea? Does the product or idea have value without the testimony or endorsement?

# **Bandwagon**

"Jumping on the bandwagon" describes people choosing to go along with the rest of the crowd. **Bandwagon** propaganda creates the impression that there is widespread support for a thing or idea. People tend to want to be on the winning team and try to avoid being the odd one out. These messages create a sense of peer pressure to join in.

Ask yourself: Does the message provide reasons for joining the group? Is there any evidence for or against joining in?



It must be good if billions have been served!



A 2008 political cartoon showing the presidential candidates too young or too old.

# **Name-Calling**

**Name-calling** is exactly what it sounds like: using negative words and bad names to create fear and dislike for people, ideas, or institutions. Name-calling can be verbal or visual. When done visually, it shows a person or thing in an unflattering way. You can find both kinds of this technique in political cartoons, political attack ads, and on news talk shows.

Ask yourself: Who is being called what? Is there a real connection between the names and the person/idea being attacked?

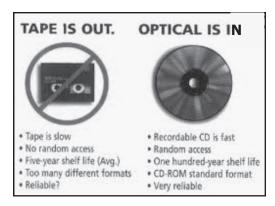


# **Glittering Generalities**

This technique always shows the subject of the message in a positive light, but provides little or no information. **Glittering generalities** use simple, clever slogans that appeal to peoples' emotions. These general statements are easy to remember but hard to verify because they offer no facts.

Ask yourself: What do these slogans or catchphrases really mean?





# **Card Stacking**

**Card stacking** uses facts and figures to show one side as positive and the other side as negative. The message shows only positive information about the person, product, or idea being promoted, and it shows only damaging information about the opposition or competition. This technique is designed to make you think you are hearing both sides. In reality, you are actually hearing only one perspective.

Ask yourself: Are facts being changed or left out? What other pieces of information do I need to make an informed decision?

### **Plain Folks**

The **plain folks** technique is designed to send the message that a product or person is "just like you." An advertiser will show an ordinary-looking person who vouches for how well a product works. Politicians have their picture taken visiting coffee shops, riding on tractors, and doing other things that everyday people do. The goal is to gain your trust by showing that people just like you use the product or support the person.

Ask yourself: Can I trust the person who is speaking or acting? What are the person's motives for visiting this place? Is this person really just like me?



Rudy Giuliani visits a small town diner during his 2007 presidential campaign.

# SAVE Services of the Property of Gold Scott Property of the Save WILDLIFE Services of the Property of Gold Scott Property of the Save Property of Control Property o

### **Transfer**

The **transfer** technique uses your feelings about one thing to get you to feel the same way about something else. Transfer can use a positive image to persuade you to like something or a negative image to persuade you to dislike something. The images might be **symbolic**, such as a flag standing for patriotism. They might be cute and lovable, such as a baby penguin. The images could be repulsive, such as diseased skin in an anti-smoking campaign, or they could be hateful, such as comparing a politician to Adolf Hitler. However they are presented, the images act as wordless messages that most people can identify with.

Ask yourself: What is the image trying to get me to feel? Is there an actual connection between the image and the person or product?

# **Station One: Name Calling**

**Image 1.** Explain how the drawing portrays German soldiers:

Does the soldier look human?	☐ Yes ☐ No, he looks like:	
What is on the soldier's arms?		
What is the soldier trying to do?		
Is this a positive or negative image?	□ Positive	e 🗆 Negative
Image 2. What name does this ad war connect with the politician?	nt you to	<b>The Technique.</b> Based on what you see in these examples, what three things can be done to make someone or something look bad?
A) The ad is saying that Patty Murray is	5	1
B) The ad shows Patty Murray as		2
□ happy □ unhappy.		3
C) The advertiser wants people to		
lue like $lue$ dislike this politician.		
		<b>Station Two: Testimonial</b>
<b>Image 1.</b> Explain the message in this	magazine a	d:
Who is the celebrity in this ad?		
What product is she endorsing?		
What does she claim this product has do	one?	
What message are YOU supposed to tal from this ad?	ke away	
Image 2. Analyze the testimonial in the A) Who is endorsing whom in this ad? is e		<b>The Technique.</b> Which of the following testimonials would convince YOU?  A football quarterback endorsing toothpaste.
B) The testimonial is being given by:  A celebrity  Knowledgeable group of peo	ple	A mom endorsing a healthy snack for kids.  Your favorite movie star endorsing broccoli.
☐ An ordinary person		Your favorite singer endorsing a brand of shoes.



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# **Station Three: Transfer**

**Image 1.** Explain the message in this public service announcement:

What two things are pictured in this image?	1) 2)
Which one is supposed to be scary?	
How does the scary image impact the other image?	?
What is this ad trying to tell you?	
<ul> <li>Image 2. Setting the stage:</li> <li>A) What are the 2 symbols of patriotism you see in this image?</li> <li>1</li></ul>	<ul> <li>The Technique. Think about whether the transfer messages in these images are accurate:</li> <li>A) Is there an actual connection between car wrecks and alcoholic beverages?</li> <li>□ Yes □ No □ Need more information to decide</li> <li>B) Is there an actual connection between this politician and the symbols in the picture?</li> <li>□ Yes □ No □ Need more information to decide</li> </ul>
	Station Four: Glittering Generalities
<b>Image 1.</b> Explain the message in this soda ad:	
What does this ad tell you about Coca-Cola?	
How much information is provided in the ad?	□ A lot □ Some □ A little □ None
How much do you already know about Coca-Cola ?	□ A lot □ Some □ A little □ None
How is this message supposed to make you feel?	☐ Positive ☐ Neutral ☐ Negative
Image 2. Match each question below with the piece of campaign propaganda that it challenges.  What specific leadership qualifications does he have?	<b>The Technique.</b> Describe how glittering generalities tries to persuade people. What tools does it use? Unscramble the words below.
<ul> <li>What does this future hold?</li> <li>What, specifically, should Americans hope for?</li> <li>What, exactly, can we do?</li> <li>Why should I like him?</li> </ul>	Igsnosa  and  cthca esrhasp  that are  ispmel & revcel
Can anyone really guarantee peace and prosperity?	



# **Station Five: Plain Folks**

Image 1. "Plain" President?  A) Do you think this is where the President and Vice President usually eat?			
Vice President usually eat?    Perry wishes he could wear a hard hat too   Perry wants to invest in this company   Perry can relate to average people   Perry wants to invest in this company   Perry can relate to average people   Perry wants to invest in this company   Perry can relate to average people   Perry wants to invest in this company   Perry wants to invest in this company   Perry wants to invest in this company   Perry can relate to average people   Perry wants to invest in this company   Perry can relate to average people   Perry wants to invest in this company   Perry can relate to average people   Bind one thing in this picture that shows these workers are "plain folks":    The Technique. Mark the question that would NOT be helpful for analyzing this technique.   Why is Perry visiting these workers?   Is the woman with the water a Republican?    Station Six: Bandwagor   Station Six: Bandwagor   What difference do you see between the teams?   What difference do you see between the teams?   What is Tide's slogan?   What is Tide	Im	age 1. "Plain" President?	Image 2. Campaigning with workers.
B) Find one detail in this picture that thacks it look like the kind of place everyday people might eat:    Solution   Color	A)	Vice President usually eat?	☐ Perry wishes he could wear a hard hat too☐ Perry wants to invest in this company
from everyone else because they are wearing  from everyone else between the twould NOT be helpful for analyzing this technique.  Would the President eat here if there were no cameras photographing him?  Would the President eat here if there were no cameras photographing him?  Would the President eat here if there were no cameras photographing him?  Would the President eat here if there were no cameras photographing him?  Why is Perry visiting these workers?  Would the President eat here if there were no cameras photographing him?  Whould the President eat here if there were no cameras photographing him?  Whould the President eat here if there were no camera photographing him?  Whould the President eat here if there were no camera photographing him?  Whould the President eat h	B)	look like the kind of place everyday people	B) Find one thing in this picture that shows these
The Technique. Mark the question that would NOT be helpful for analyzing this technique.  B) Find one detail in this picture that makes the woman look like a regular person:  Wuld the President eat here if there were no cameras photographing him?  Why is Perry visiting these workers?  Is the woman with the water a Republican?  Station Six: Bandwagor  What difference do you see between the teams?  What is Tide's slogan?  Which team are you supposed to prefer?  Why are you supposed to want to be on that team?  Image 2. Analyze this World War II poster:  A) When Rosie says "we," who is she talking to?  All Americans American women Factory workers  B) Look at Rosie. Find one characteristic or quality Rosie has that other women might	Im	rage 3. Explain the message in this ad:	· · · ·
glamorous   normal   NOT be helpful for analyzing this technique.     Would the President eat here if there were no cameras photographing him?   Why is Perry visiting these workers?   Is the woman with the water a Republican?     Station Six: Bandwagor   Image 1. Explain the message in this ad for laundry detergent:     What difference do you see between the teams?   What is Tide's slogan?   #2 Brand   Tide     Why are you supposed to want to be on that team?   #2 Brand   Tide     The Technique. The bandwagon technique is most like:   Peer pressure   Advice   Advice   Getting in trouble     American women   Factory workers   Why?   Why?     B) Look at Rosie. Find one characteristic or quality Rosie has that other women might	A)	The woman in the ad looks	The Technique Mark the question that would
woman look like a regular person:    Why is Perry visiting these workers?     Is the woman with the water a Republican?    Station Six: Bandwagor		☐ glamorous ☐ normal	
Image 1. Explain the message in this ad for laundry detergent:  What difference do you see between the teams?  What is Tide's slogan?  Which team are you supposed to prefer?	B)	·	cameras photographing him? ☐ Why is Perry visiting these workers?
Image 1. Explain the message in this ad for laundry detergent:  What difference do you see between the teams?  What is Tide's slogan?  Which team are you supposed to prefer?			
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Why are you supposed to want to be on that team?  Image 2. Analyze this World War II poster:  A) When Rosie says "we," who is she talking to?  All Americans American women Factory workers  B) Look at Rosie. Find one characteristic or quality Rosie has that other women might  The Technique. The bandwagon technique is most like:  Peer pressure Advice Getting in trouble  Why?			Station Six: Bandwagon
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wish for:	Wh Wh Wh	nat difference do you see between the teams? nat is Tide's slogan? nich team are you supposed to prefer? ny are you supposed to want to be on that	Station Six: Bandwagon dry detergent:
	Wh Wh Wh tea Im	nat difference do you see between the teams?  nat is Tide's slogan?  nich team are you supposed to prefer?  ny are you supposed to want to be on that im?  nage 2. Analyze this World War II poster:  When Rosie says "we," who is she talking to?  All Americans  American women  Factory workers  Look at Rosie. Find one characteristic or quality Rosie has that other women might	Station Six: Bandwagon dry detergent:



What can you learn about Verizon?

# **Station Seven: Card Stacking**

**Image 1.** Explain the message about this cell phone provider ad:

What do you learn about A	T&T?				
Can you tell whether AT&T Verizon doesn't have?	has any benefits	□ Ye	s 🗆 No		
Why can't you trust the inf	ormation in this ad	?			
<b>Image 2.</b> A) Which product is this ad	promoting?	•	base a decision or	n these mes	ut whether you can sages: ive you information?
<ul><li>Omega-9 Canol</li><li>Partially Hydrog</li></ul>	a Oil enated Soybean O	il	_	Yes	□ No
B) The ad mentions reducing what "bad fat" is?	ng "Bad Fat." Is it (	clear	Do they give you to both items being of		and drawbacks of
☐ Yes ☐ No			<b>.</b>	Yes	□ No
C) Does this ad show any i possible benefits of soyl		he	Do they give you ounderstand both p	_	ormation to really
☐ Yes ☐ No			<b>.</b>	Yes	□ No
			Station E	ight: Ch	nallenge Image
Romney/Rock Image. E	xplain the message	e in this p	photo op:		
Who is endorsing whom in photograph?	this		is endor		
What is hanging in the bac	kground?				
Which group of people work be persuaded by this image (check all that apply)	e?	Senior cit lazz musi	izens ☐ Kids under 18 ☐ Rock music lovers ic fans ☐ Voters age 18-40 ☐ Men ☐ Women		
Which <b>two</b> propaganda te applied in this scene?	chniques are	Tech	nnique #1	Те	chnique #2
How do you know these te					



# What's the Message?

**Vocabulary.** Match each term with its definition.

\_\_\_\_1. Propaganda

3. Endorse

\_\_\_2. Bias

\_\_\_4. Symbol

- A. Something that stands for or represents something else
- B. Officially support a product, candidate or idea
- C. Messages that are made to manipulate people's actions and beliefs
- D. Only shows one side of a debate



**Symbols.** Circle one of the symbols above and answer the questions that follow.

- 5. What IDEA does this symbol stand for?
- 6. If you put this symbol on your backpack, what message would you be sending?

7. How could this symbol be used in propaganda?

### Name:

**You're Biased!** Read each message and decide if it is biased. Then identify which propaganda technique is used.



# Cats v. Dogs

Cats... Dogs...

-Bathe themselves

-Always getting dirty

-Litter trained

-Has to be walked

-Purr

-Barks a lot

Is this message biased?

Yes

No

If it is, what propaganda technique does it use?

A. Plain Folks

B. Card Stacking



### New Video Game

"Thrill a minute!"

"The best game out there!"

"Exciting stuff!"

Is this message biased?

Yes

No

If it is, what propaganda technique does it use?

A. Glittering Generalities

B. Bandwagon



# **Starters**

House Salad	4.50
Mozzarella Sticks	5.50
Calamari	6.00
Garlic Cheese Bread	4.50

Is this message biased?

Yes

No

If it is, what propaganda technique does it use?

A. Testimonial

B. Transfer



# What's the Message? Name:

**Cartoon Time** Follow the steps to create your own piece of propaganda.

**Step One:** Read each side of the two debates **Step Two:** Select the type of propaganda and pick a side for your piece of propaganda. technique you will use in the cartoon. ■ Name Calling All students should Students should Glittering Generalities have the summers attend school all Transfer off from school. year long. Testimonial □ Plain Folks Pepsi is the best kind Coke is the best kind Card Stacking of soda. of soda. Bandwagon Step Three: Use the space below to create your propaganda cartoon. Make sure you use what you have learned in this lesson!

